

Assignment 2aAns to the Qns No. 1

Given that:

In a sightseeing group

- 8 Singaporeans
- 5 Indonesians
- 6 Malaysians

(i) The no. of ways to select a pair from Singaporeans

$$= 8C_2 = \frac{8!}{(8-2)!2!} = \frac{8!}{6!2!} = \frac{8 \times 7 \times 6!}{6! \times 2 \times 1} = 28$$

The no of ways to select a pair from Indonesians.

$$= 5C_2 = \frac{5!}{(5-2)!2!} = \frac{5!}{3!2!} = \frac{5 \times 4 \times 3!}{3! \times 2 \times 1} = 10$$

The no of ways to select a pair from 6 Malaysians

$$= 6C_2 = \frac{6!}{(6-2)!2!} = \frac{6!}{4!2!} = \frac{6 \times 5 \times 4!}{4! \times 2 \times 1} = 15$$

The total number of ways to select a pair from the group of tourist

$$= 28 + 10 + 15 = 53$$

(ii) The number of ways to select a team of 3 tourists from different nationalities are -

$$= \underbrace{8C_1}_{\text{Singaporeans}} + \underbrace{5C_1}_{\text{Indonesians}} + \underbrace{6C_1}_{\text{Malaysians}}$$

$$= \frac{8!}{(8-1)!1!} + \frac{5!}{(5-1)!1!} + \frac{6!}{(6-1)!1!} = \frac{8!}{7!1!} + \frac{5!}{4!1!} + \frac{6!}{5!1!}$$

$$= \frac{8 \times 7!}{7!1!} + \frac{5!}{4!1!} + \frac{6!}{5!1!} = 8 + 5 + 6 = 19$$

(iii) The total people (tourist) in the group =  $8+5+6=19$   
 We have to select 1 representative from this 19 people group.

So, the no of ways to select a representative from the tourist group =  ${}^{19}C_1$ ,  
 $= \frac{19!}{(19-1)18!} = \frac{19!}{18!1!} = \frac{19 \times 18!}{18! \times 1} = 19$  Ans.

Ans to the Ques No. 2

(i) Total persons = 10

let a person be selected to sit between brothers =  ${}^8C_1$ ,

The total arrangements around the circle =  $8!$  = 8

The brother can be interchanged in  $2!$  ways.

∴ The total arrangement =  $2! \times 8!$

(ii)



The number of ways to arrange all of them around the circle =  $\frac{n P n}{n}$

∴ where  $n = 10$

$$= \frac{10 P 10}{10} = \frac{10!}{10} = \frac{10 \times 9!}{10} = 9! \text{ Ans.}$$

(iii) Total persons = 10. So, let a person be selected to sit between brothers =  ${}^8C_1 = 8$

∴ let the brothers and selected person to be set.

total arrangements around the circle =  $(n-1)! = (8-1)! = 7!$

~~total~~ the brothers can be interchanged in  $2!$  ways.

therefore total arrangements =  $2! \times 7!$

Ans.

(2a)

Ans to the Qns No. 3

$$5 = A$$

$$10 = B$$

$$3 = C$$

$$2 = F$$

$${}^{20}C_5 + {}^{20}C_{10} + {}^{20}C_3 + {}^{20}C_2$$

$$= 201590 \text{ Ans.}$$