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1.Introduction

We live in a time and society that is fully based on network. That is why information and network and communication is important for everyone.

2.Network and Communication

Network means connectivity and communication means sharing data between two devices.



3. Basic elements of communication

Four basic elements of communication systems

- Sending and receiving devices
- Computer or a specialized communication device
- Connection devices
- Interface between sending and receiving device
 Data transmission specifications Rules and procedures that coordinate the device.

4.Connections

There are two types of connections.

- Physical connection
- Wireless connection



5.Modem

Types of Modems:

- Digital subscriber line (DSL) High speed telephone lines
- Cable Uses coaxial cable
- Wireless Also known as WWAN



6.Connection device signals

Types of signals

- Analog
- Digital



7.Connection device signals

Types of signals

- Analog
- Digital



8.Data Trasmission

Bandwidth is how much information can move across the communication channel in a given amount of time.

- Categories of bandwidth
- 1.Voiceband (or low bandwidth) standard telephone 2. Medium band leased lines for high-speed Mid-range computer and mainframes 3. Broadband for DSL, cable, satellite connections to the Internet 24.Baseband for individual connections for computers in close range

9.Network Architecture

- Network Topology Physical arrangement of the network.
- Network Strategy How the information and resources are shared.

10.Network Topology

- 1. Ring network
- 2. Star network
- 3. Tree network
- 4. Mesh network



11.Network Strategies

1.Client/Server Network - Central computers coordinate and supply services to other nodes on the network - Server provides access 2.Peer-to-Peer (P2P) Network - All nodes have equal authority - Can act as both client and server

12.Network Security

- Firewall Hardware and software that controls access to network Proxy server provides pass-through access - Protects against external threats
- Intrusion detection system (IDS) Works with firewall to protect organization's network - Analyzes all incoming and outgoing network traffic
- Virtual private network (VPN) Creates a secure private network connection between your computer and the organization

Career in IT

Network Administrator

1.Manages a company's LAN and WAN networks 2. Maintains networking hardware and software, diagnosing and repairing problems that arise 3. Candidates usually have a bachelor's or associate's degree in computer science, computer technology or information systems 4. Practical networking experience 5. Annual salary is typically between \$47,000 and \$64,000

Thanks!

Any questions?

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