

DISCRETE STRUCTURE (SECI 1013-03)

SEMESTER 1-2020/2021

ASSIGNMENT# 4

GROUP 13

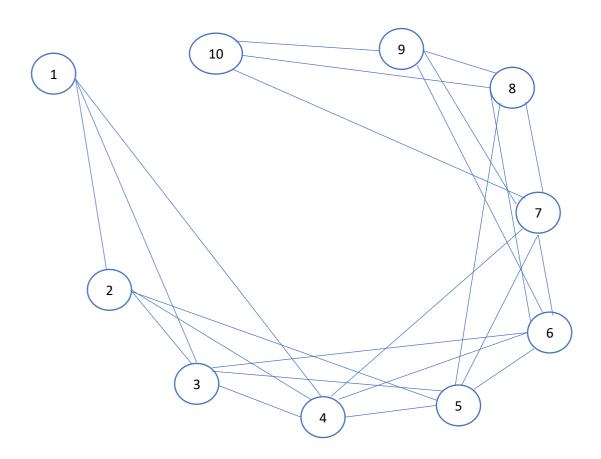
GROUP MEMBERS:

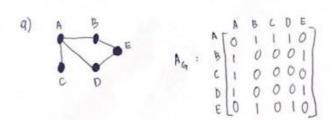
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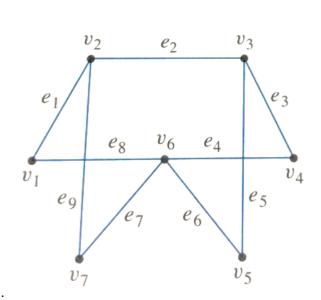
LECTURER'S NAME:

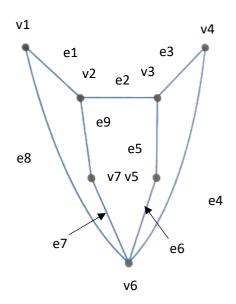
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24 edges









Question 4

$$A_{H} = \begin{bmatrix} V_{1} & V_{2} & V_{3} & V_{4} \\ V_{2} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 2 \\ V_{3} & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ V_{4} & 0 & 2 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

a) Both graphs have 5 vertices and 5 edges.

$\frac{\text{Graph } G1}{\deg(v1)} = 2$ $\deg(v2) = 2$ $\deg(v3) = 3$ $\deg(v4) = 2$ $\deg(v5) = 1$ $\frac{\text{Graph } G2}{\deg(u1)} = 1$ $\deg(u2) = 3$ $\deg(u3) = 2$ $\deg(u4) = 2$ $\deg(u5) = 2$

Therefore, both graph is not isomorphic because the graph does not have same degrees for the corresponding vertices.

b) Both graphs have 5 vertices and 6 edges.

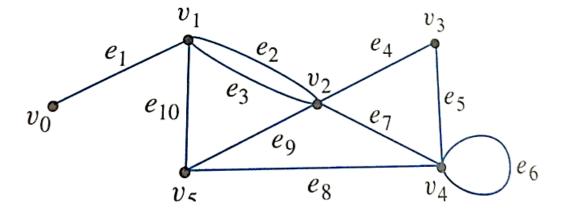
Graph H1

deg(a1) = 1 deg(a2) = 1 deg(a3) = 3 deg(a4) = 2deg(a5) = 5

Graph H2

 $\frac{deg(x1) = 3}{deg(x2) = 1} \\
deg(x3) = 3 \\
deg(x4) = 3 \\
deg(x5) = 2$

Therefore, both graph is not isomorphic because the graph does not have same degrees for the corresponding vertices.



a)
$$v_0 e_1 v_1 e_{10} v_5 e_9 v_2 e_2 v_1 = \text{trail}$$

b)
$$v_4 e_7 v_2 e_9 v_5 e_{10} v_1 e_3 v_2 e_9 v_5 = \text{walk}$$

c)
$$v_2 = \text{vertex}$$

d)
$$v_5 e_9 v_2 e_4 v_3 e_5 v_4 e_6 v_4 e_8 v_5 = \text{circuit}$$

e)
$$v_2 e_4 v_3 e_5 v_4 e_8 v_5 e_9 v_2 e_7 v_4 e_5 v_3 e_4 v_2 = \text{trail}$$

f)
$$v_3 e_5 v_4 e_8 v_5 e_{10} v_1 e_3 v_2 = path$$

Question 7

- a) There are 3 paths.
- b) There are 4 trails.
- c) There are 0 walk.

Question 8

a)

Vertex	V1	V2	V3	V4	V5
Degree	2	4	2	4	4

Therefore, it is an eular circuit because every vertex is connected, and every vertex have even degree.

b)

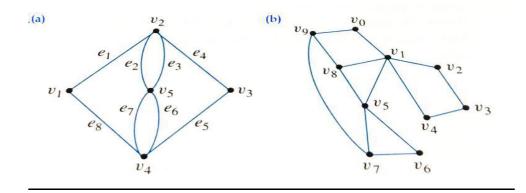
Vertex	V0	V1	V2	V3	V4	V5	V6	V7	V8	V9
Degree	2	5	2	2	2	4	2	3	3	3

Therefore, it is an eular circuit because every vertex is connected, and every vertex have even degree. Hence, graph a is an eular circuit.

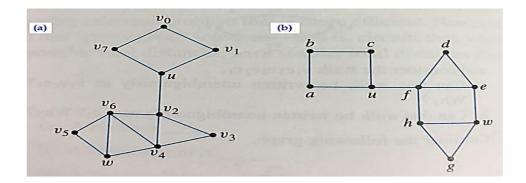
There is a Euler path from u to w at a).

The Euler path is (U, $V_7, V_0, V_1, U, V_2, V_6, V_5, W, V_4, V_3, V_2, V_4, V_6, W$)

Question 10



Answer: there is no Hamiltonian circuit in graph (a) – (b).



Answer: there is no Hamiltonian circuit in graph (a) - (b).

m=ary tree=3

n=vertices=100

$$l = \frac{(m-1)n+1}{m}$$

$$=\frac{(3-1)100+1}{3}$$

$$=\frac{(2)(100)+1}{3}$$

$$=\frac{201}{3}$$

=67 leaves

Question 12

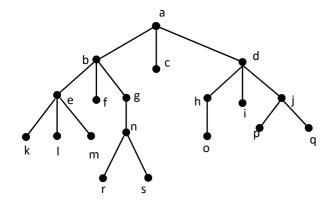
- a) Root = a

b) Internal vertices =
$$i = \frac{n-1}{m}$$

$$i = \frac{18-1}{3}$$

$$i = \frac{17}{3}$$

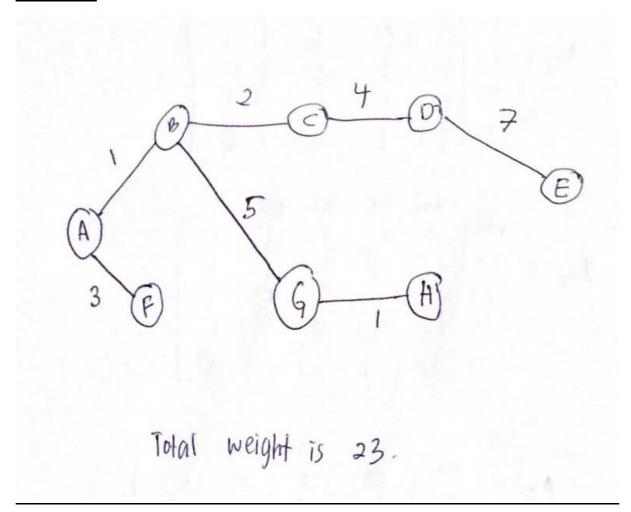
- c) Leaf = b, e,k,l,m,f,g,n,r,s,c,d,h,o,I,j,p,q
- d) Children of n = r, s
- e) Parent of e = b
- f) Siblings of k = l, m
- g) Proper ancestor of q = j, d,a
- h) Proper descendent of b = r, s,n,g,f,k,l,m,e



preorder: a, b, e, k, l, m, f, g, n, r, s, c, d, h, o, i, j, p, q

inorder: k, e, l, m, b, f, r, n, s, g, a, c, o, h, d, i, p, j, q

postorder : k ,l ,m ,e ,f ,r ,s ,n ,g ,b ,c ,o ,h, i ,p, q ,j ,d ,a



Question 15

Iteration	S	N	L(M)	L(N)	L(O)	L(P)	L(Q)	L(R)	L(S)	L(T)
0	{}	$\{M,N,O,P,Q,R,S,T\}$	0	∞	∞	∞	∞	8	∞	8
1	{M}	{ N,O,P,Q,R,S,T}	0	4	∞	2	∞	5	∞	8
2	{M,P}	$\{N,O,Q,R,S,T\}$	0	4		2	6	5	5	
3	{M,P,N}	${O,Q,R,S,T}$	0	4	10	2	6	5	5	
4	{M,P,N,R}	{O,Q,S,T}	0	4	7	2	6	5	5	6
5	{M,P,N,R,S}	{ O,Q,T}	0	4	7	2	6	5	5	6
6	$\{M,P,N,R,S,Q\}$	{O,T}	0	4	7	2	6	5	5	6
7	{M,P,N,R,S,Q,T}	{0}	0	4	7	2	6	5	5	6

The shortest path $= M \rightarrow N \rightarrow T$