

Learning Outcomes



- 1. Define input.
- 2. Describe keyboard entry including types and features of keyboards.
- 3. Identify different pointing devices including game controllers and styluses.
- 4. Describe scanning devices including optical scanners, RFID readers and recognition devices.
- 5. Recognize image capturing devices and audio-input devices.
- 6. Define output.
- 7. Identify different monitor features and types including flat-panels and e-books.
- 8. Define printing features and types including inkjet and cloud printers.
- 9. Recognize different audio and video devices including portable media devices.
- 10. Define combination input and output devices including multifunctional devices, telephones, drones, robots, and VR headgear and gloves.
- 11. Explain ergonomics and ways to minimize physical damage.

Introduction

- Have you ever wondered how information gets into your computer or comes out in a form you can use?
 - Input devices convert what we understand into what the system unit can process
 - Output devices convert what the system unit has processed into a form that we can understand



What is Input?

- Any data or instructions used by a computer
- Input devices translate data into a form that the system unit can process
- Some hardware input devices include:
 - Keyboards
 - Mice
 - Pointing
 - Scanning
 - Image capturing
 - Audio-input

Keyboard Entry



Pointing Devices

Provide an intuitive interface by accepting pointing gestures and converting them into machine-readable input

- Wide variety of devices such as:
 - Mouse
 - Touch screen
 - Game controller
 - Stylus



- Optical mouse
 - Has no moving parts
 - Emits and senses light to detect mouse movement
 - Can be used on any surface
- Wireless mouse
 - Battery operated
 - Uses radio waves or infrared light waves
- Touch pads
 - Controls pointer by moving and tapping your fingers on the surface of the pad





- Can be touched with more than one finger
- Common on mobile devices
 - Apple iPhone
 - Notebook computers
 - Desktop monitors
- Stylus is a pen-like device
 - Used on tablets
 - Uses handwriting recognition software







- Provide input to computer games
- Joysticks use pressure and direction of the stick
- Gaming mice are similar to a mouse but high precision
- Game pads use both hands
- Motion sensing device control games by user movement





Motion-sensing device (top left): © Vlacheslav Krisanov/Getty Images RF; (top right): Copyright © 2015 Razer Inc. All rights reserved; (bottom right): Used with permission from Microsoft: (bottom left): © alehtdats/Cetty Images R

Scanning Devices

Scanners convert scanned data into a form the system unit can process

- Optical scanners
 - Flatbed scanners
 - Document scanners
 - Portable scanners
 - 3D scanners



Card Readers

Interpret encoded information that is stored on debit, credit and identification cards

- Magnetic card reader
 - Information read from strip when swiped through reader
 - Smart cards hold additional security information

Bar Code Readers

Contain photo-electric cells that scan or read bar codes or the zebra striped marks printed on product containers

- Wand readers
 - Hand –held readers
- UPCs and MaxiCode readers
 - UPC are heavily used in grocery stores for automated checkout and inventory control
 - MaxiCode used by shipping companies for routing packages





RFID Readers



Tiny chips embedded in most anything contain electronically stored information that can be read using an **RFID reader** located several yards away.

- Tracking pets
- Update and control inventories
- Read passports



Character and Mark Recognition Readers

Recognize special characters and markts

- Character and mark recognition devices
 - Magnetic-ink character recognition (MICR)
 - Used by banks to read encoded characters on checks
 - Optical-character recognition (OCR)
 - Reads preprinted characters such as wand scanners
 - Optical-mark recognition (OMR)
 - Sense the presence of absence of marks used for test scoring

Image Capturing Devices

Create or capture original images

- Digital Camera
 - Capture images digitally and store in memory
- Web Cams
 - Capture images and send to a computer





Audio-Input Devices



- Voice recognition systems
 - Use a microphone, sound card, and special software
 - Users can operate computers and create documents using voice commands
 - Included in many smart phones
 - Siri in iPhones
 - Cortana in Windows phones
 - Google Now in Google phones

Output



Processed data or information

- Types of output
 - Text
 - Graphics/photos
 - Audio & video
- Output devices
 - Monitors
 - Printers
 - Audio-output devices

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Monitors

Known as screens or display screens and present visual images of text and graphics

- Output referred to as soft copy
- Features
 - Clarity
 - Resolution/pixels
 - Dot pitch
 - Contrast ratios
 - Size
 - Aspect ratio



Monitor Types



- Require less power to operate
- Portable and thin
- Most are backlit

Three types:

- Liquid Crystal Display (LCD)
 - Older monitors
- Light Emitting Diode (LED)
 - More advanced backlighting
- Organic Light Emitting Diode (OLED)
 - Thin layer organic compound that produces light



Curved Monitors

Has a concave screen that provides better viewing angles near the edges of the screen

- Used by high-end gamers
- Used for smart watch displays



E-book Readers

An e-book is a traditional books printed in electronic form

E-book readers are dedicated mobile devices for storing and displaying e-books

- Use e-ink technology
 - Produce images that reflect light
 - Kindle
 - Nook



Other Monitor Types



- Digital/interactive whiteboards
 - Connects to a computer or project
 - Controlled using a special pen or even your finger
 - Classrooms and corporate boardrooms
- Ultra High-definition television (UHDTV)
 - Digital output delivering a much clearer and more detailed image that regular HDTV
- Digital Projector
 - Project the images from a traditional monitor onto a screen or wall









- Enjoy reading on the go
- Many feature subscriptions to newspapers and magazines



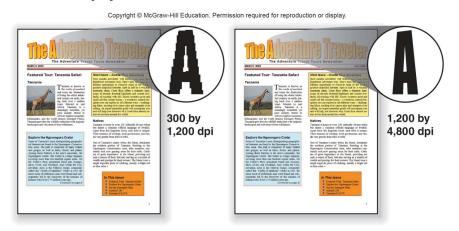
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Photo by Simon Lees/PC Plus Magazine via Getty Images

Printers

- Translates information that has been processed by the system unit
- Output referred to as hard copy
- Features
 - Resolution
 - Color
 - Speed
 - Memory
 - Duplex printing



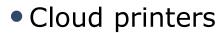
Printer Types

- Ink-jet printers spray ink at a high speed
 - Reliable, quite and inexpensive
- Laser printers uses a laser light beam to produce images
 - Fast, excellent quality
 - Personal or shared
- 3D Printers create 3-D shapes with a thin layer of material repeatedly until created
 - Additive manufacturing





Other Printers



- Connected to the Internet to provide services to others on the Internet
- Thermal printers
- Plotters

Audio and Video Devices

- Translates audio information from the computer into sounds that people can understand
 - Speakers and headphones
- Bluetooth Technology
 - Wireless technology
 - Used to connect to speakers and headsets



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Combination Input and Output Devices



- Combine a microphone and headphones
- Multifunctional devices (MFD)
 - Cost efficient but lower quality
 - All-in-one printers are a good example
- Telephones
 - Known as Telephony and Internet Telephony
 - Voice-over IP (VoIP)
 - Hangouts
 - Face Time
 - Skype



Drones and Robots



- Take input from a controller and send back video and sound to the user
- Very cost effective now

Robots

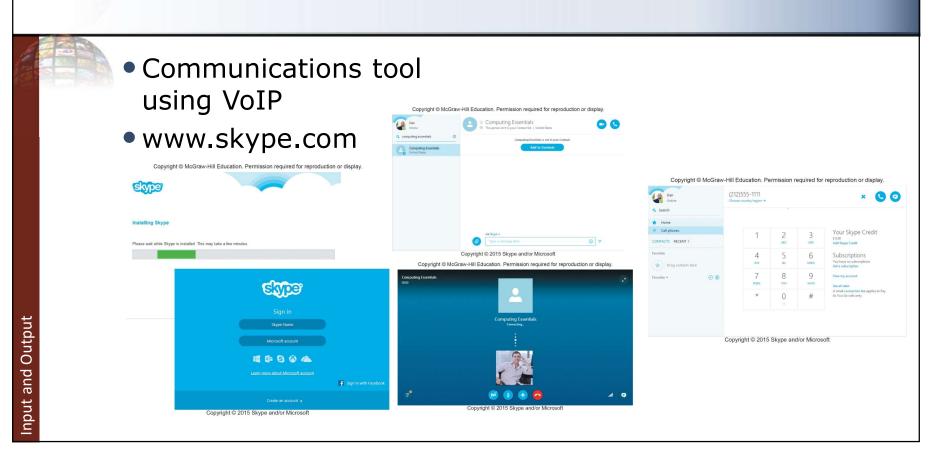
- Use microphones, cameras and other sensors as input
- Output is dependent on the use for the robot
 - Assists in surgery

Virtual Reality

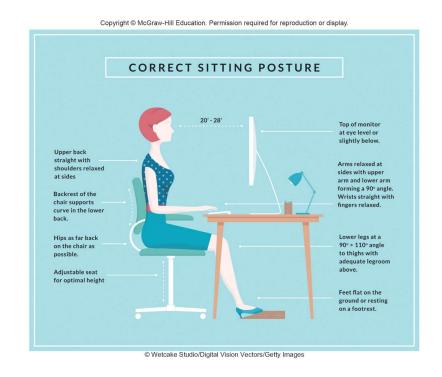
- Created in 3D through computers for a virtual experience
 - Headgear with gloves have sensors to collect data that work with software



Making IT Work for You ~ Skype



- Study of human factors related to things people use
- Fit the task to the user to avoid:
 - Eyestrain and headache
 - Back and neck pain
 - Repetitive strain injury

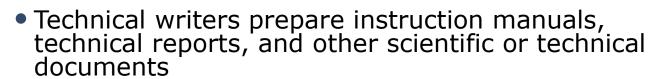


Ergonomic Challenged Devices



- Laptops
 - Because the keyboard and monitor are connected, they cannot be set up ergonomically
- Tablets
 - Tablet hunch is caused by the users head being improperly aligned to the viewing surface
- Smartphones
 - Blackberry thumb results from using thumbs to type on a tiny keyboard

Careers In IT



• Typically requires an associates or bachelors degree in:

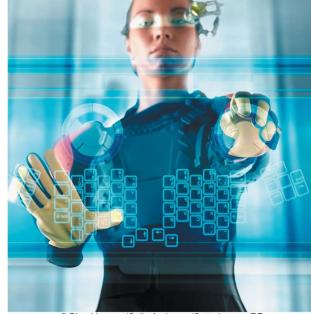
- Communications
- Journalism or
- English
- Specialization or familiarization with a technical field
- Technical writers can expect to earn \$44,000 to \$58,000 annually



A Look to the Future Augmented Reality Displays

- With wearable augmented reality displays, data from your computer and the Internet will be instantly viewable
- Funding for development from the government has begun to assist soldiers and pilots.
- Google has developed a prototype, "Project Glass", that is being tested

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Open-Ended Questions (Page 1 of 2)

- 1. Define input and input devices.
- 2. Describe the different types of keyboard, pointing, scanning, image capturing, and audio-input devices.
- 3. Describe output and output devices.
- 4. Describe the features and different types of monitors and printers.

Open-Ended Questions (Page 2 of 2)

- 5. Describe audio output devices including Bluetooth technology.
- 6. Discuss combination input and output devices, including multifunctional devices, headsets, telephones, drones, robots, and virtual reality headgear and gloves.
- 7. Define ergonomics, describe ways to minimize physical discomfort, and discuss design issues with portable computers.