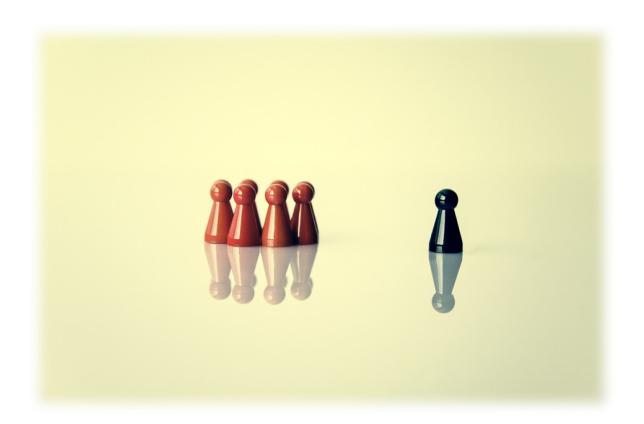


UPDATES

- (1) Class of Information Searching Survey
- (2) In-class group meeting in next class.
- (3) Provide draft of recent work during next class, short presentation.
- (4)See example of program proposal (in elearning).
- (5) Simple test (10%) next week.

LEADERSHIP & TEAMWORKING





LEADERSHIP



WHAT IS LEADERSHIP?



"The art of getting people to do what they really don't want to do and don't feel equipped to do against a timeline they don't believe in, with risks that scare them, to achieve an objective they believe at the beginning to be impossible."

— Eric Gregory



Survey:

www.mentimeter.com



LEADERSHIP

is a process whereby an individual influences a group of individuals to achieve a common goal.

-Northouse (2013)



MANAGERS VS LEADERS

Managers

Focus on things

Do things right

Plan

Organize

Direct

Control

Leaders

Focus on people

Do the right

things

Inspire

Influence

Motivate

Build



INNER HABITS AND QUALITIES OF A TRUE LEADER

Knowledgeable

High Emotional intelligence

Professional

Positive mental attitude

Delegate

Self-confidence and self-

reliance

Decisiveness

Challenge people to think



INNER HABITS AND QUALITIES OF A TRUE LEADER

Honesty & Integrity

Measure & reward

performance

Communicate

effectively

Provide continuous feedback

Make others feel safe

to speak up

Properly allocate and deploy

talent



INNER HABITS AND QUALITIES OF A TRUE LEADER

Inspire others: Lead by example

Willingness to change & consider new opportunities

Creativity in searching for new solutions

Faithfulness, mercifulness, empathy & fairness

Persistence & determination in challenging situations



LEADERSHIP STYLES



Autocratic

Control over all decisions.

Takes very little inputs from team members.

Use people to reach goal.













Laissez-Faire

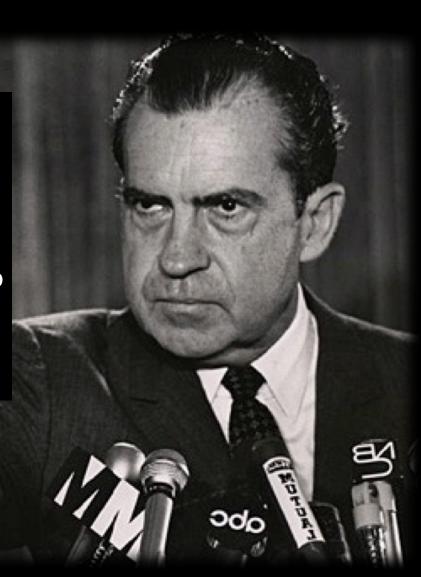


Transactional

Use Reward and Punishment.

Monitor people to see that they do the expected.

Maintain status quo



Transformational



Visionary.

Challenge team to do exceptional things.

Capable of charting new courses for their organization







ETHICAL LEADERSHIP



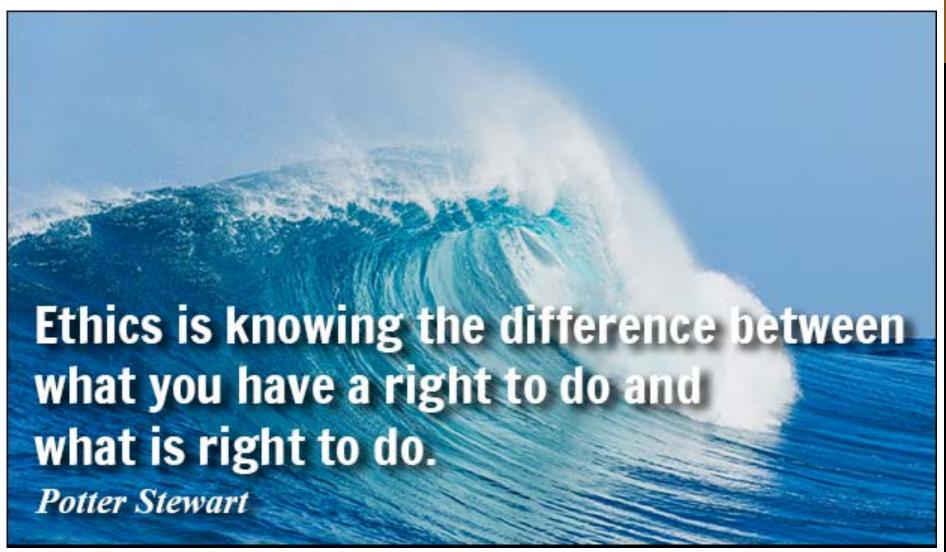
LEADERSHIP & ETHICS

Has to do with what leaders do and who leaders are

It is concerned with the nature of the leaders' behavior and their virtuousness

What choices leaders make and how they respond in a particular circumstance are informed and directed by their ethics.







LEADERSHIP ETIQUETTE

Work for the success of the entire group, not for self.

Know that power is given by the members and can be taken away.

Everybody is important and no one should be demeaned.







TEAMWORK



TEAMWORK

The combined action of a group of people, especially when effective and efficient.



SO, WHAT IS A GOOD TEAMWORK?

when a group of people work together cohesively, towards a common goal, creating a positive working atmosphere, and supporting each other to combine individual strengths to enhance team performance.



TIPS FOR A GOOD TEAMWORK

Think about your team first

Supportive & Care for each other

Never underestimate your team member

Cooperate & Contribute

Not criticizing/badmouthing team member

Respectful of other team member







TRUE **TEAMS ARE MADE WHEN YOU** PUTASIDE

Chiney Ogwumike, Stanford WBB





WINNING TEAMS ...

Trust each other
Respect each other
Understand each other
Enjoy each other



WORDS TO GROW BY

- 1. We will treat each other with dignity and respect.
- 2. We will praise the accomplishments of each other.
- 3. We will speak kind words to each other.
- 4. We will be encouragers.
- We will seek and speak the truth.
- 6. We will focus on what's right and not worry about who's right.
- We will listen to learn.
- 8. We will smile and have a healthy sense of humor.
- 9. We will not gossip.
- 10. We will expect excellence in all thoughts, words, and actions.



When 'i' is replace by 'we'

Even

'illness'

Becomes

'Wellness'



CHARACTERISTIC OF DISRUPTIVE TEAM MEMBER

Aggressive

Irresponsible

Gossiping

Self-Centred

Negativity

Withdrawn

Dominating

Jealousy



Successful people build each other up. They motivate, inspire, and push each other. Unsuccessful people just hate, blame and complain.



A LOT OF PROBLEMS IN THE WORLD DISAPPEAR IF WE TALKED TO EACH OTHER INSTEAD OF TALK ABOUT EACH OTHER.

MEDBAWERAPPS, CON



If you cannot be positive, then at least be quite.



SUMMARY



CONFLICT MANAGEMENT





WHAT IS CONFLICT?



HOW CONFLICT HAPPEN?



CAUSES OF CONFLICT

Differences in

Goals/Aims

Poor Communication

Ego

Differences in Values

Differences in Personality/Attitudes

Competition/Scarce

Resources



We are very good lawyer for our own mistakes, but very good judge for the mistakes of others.



You don't have to disrespect and insult others simply to hold your own ground. If you do, that shows how shaky your own position is.

- Red Haircrow



HOW TO HANDLE CONFLICT?

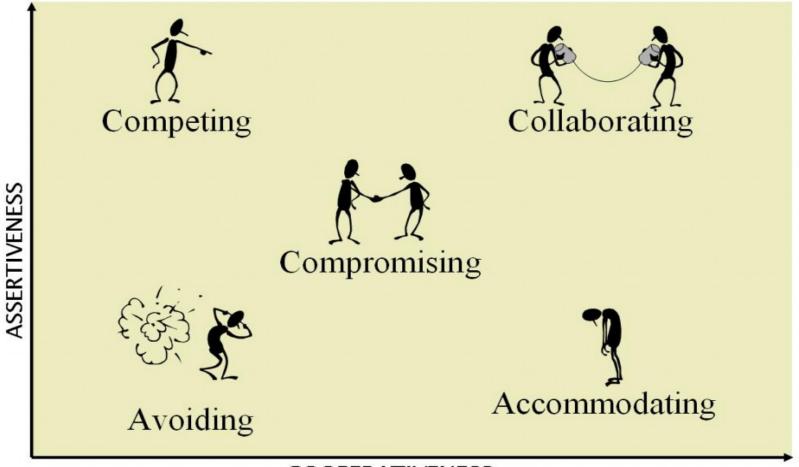






CONFLICT MANAGEMENT STYLES

Dealing With Conflict - Thomas/Kilmann model





ACCOMMODATING

People who accommodate are unassertive and very cooperative.

Give in during a conflict.

Acknowledge they made a mistake/decide it was no big deal.

Put relationships first, ignore issues, and try to keep peace at any price.

Effective when the other person or party has a better plan or solution.



AVOIDING

People who avoid conflict are generally unassertive and uncooperative.

Avoid the conflict entirely or delay their response instead

of voicing concerns.

Can create some space in an emotional environment.

Not a good long-term strategy.



COLLABORATING

Collaborators are both assertive and cooperative.

Assert own views while also listening to other views and welcoming differences.

Seek a "win-win" outcome.

Identify underlying concerns of a conflict.

Create room for multiple ideas/ Requires time and effort from both parties.



COMPETING

People who do not cooperate while pursuing their own concerns at another's expense.

Takes on a "win-lose" approach where one person wins and one person loses

Does not rely on cooperation with the other party to reach outcome

May be appropriate for emergencies when time is important



COMPROMISING

Compromisers are moderately assertive and moderately cooperative.

Try to find fast, mutually acceptable solutions to conflicts that partially satisfy both parties.

Results in a "lose-lose" approach.

Appropriate temporary solution.

Considered an easy way out when you need more time to collaborate to find a better solution.



WHICH ONE IS THE BEST?



THERE IS NO BEST WAY TO HANDLE CONFLICT.

EACH CONFLICT IS DIFFERENT AND REQUIRES A DIFFERENT RESPONSE.





NO MATTER THE SITUATION, **NEVER LET YOUR EMOTIONS OVERPOWER** Your INTELLIGENCE.



There are some people who always seem angry and continuously look for conflict. Walk away; the battle they are fighting isn't with you, it is with themselves.



SUMMARY