

1. Given Program 1 and array[] in Figure B1, answer the following questions.

1	//Program 1
2	using namespace std;
3	int main() {
4	cout<<"Enter The Size Of Array: ";
5	int size;
6	cin>>size;
7	int array[size], key,i;
8	// Taking Input In Array
9	for(int j=0;j<size;j++){
10	cout<<"Enter "<<j<<" Element: ";
11	cin>>array[j];
12	}
13	//Your Entered Array Is
14	for(int a=0;a<size;a++){
15	cout<<"array["<<a<<"] = ";
16	cout<<array[a]<<endl;
17	}
18	cout<<"Enter Key To Search in Array";
19	cin>>key;
20	for(i=0;i<size;i++){
21	if(key==array[i]){
22	cout<<"Key Found At Index Number : "<<i<<endl;
23	break;
24	}
25	}
26	
27	
28	if(i != size){
29	cout<<"KEY FOUND at index : "<<i;
30	}
31	else{
32	cout<<"KEY NOT FOUND in Array ";
33	}
33	return 0;
34	}

3	2	4	1	5
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Figure B1: array []

(a) Name the searching technique in Program 1.

(b) What is the complexity time and number of comparisons when searching on array[] if the search_key is 10?

2. Given a search function in Program 2. Answer all the following questions based on INPUT array shown in Figure B2.

```
//Program 2
int search( int search key, int array size, const int INPUT[] )

{
    bool found = false;
    int index = -1 //-1 means record not found
    int MIDDLE, LEFT = 0,
    RIGHT = arraysize-1;

    while ((LEFT <= RIGHT) && (!found))
    {
        MIDDLE = (LEFT + RIGHT) / 2; // Get middle index
        if (INPUT[MIDDLE] == search key)
        {
            index = MIDDLE;
            found = true;
        }
        else if (INPUT[MIDDLE] > search key)
            RIGHT = MIDDLE - 1; // search is focused on the left
                                // side of list
        else
            LEFT = MIDDLE + 1; // search is focused on the right
                               // side of the list
    } //end while

    return index;
} //end function
```

[0]	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]	[6]	[7]	[8]	[9]	[10]	[11]
5	9	19	25	34	40	45	49	66	75	88	100

Figure B2: INPUT array

Trace the value of LEFT, RIGHT, MIDDLE, INPUT[MIDDLE] and found (as in Table B1) for binary search operation performed onto INPUT array with the key numbers being search as following:

1. Search Key=40
2. Search Key=100
3. Search Key=8

3. Tree

- d) Give the inorder, preorder and postorder traversal of the tree in Figure 7. [6 marks]

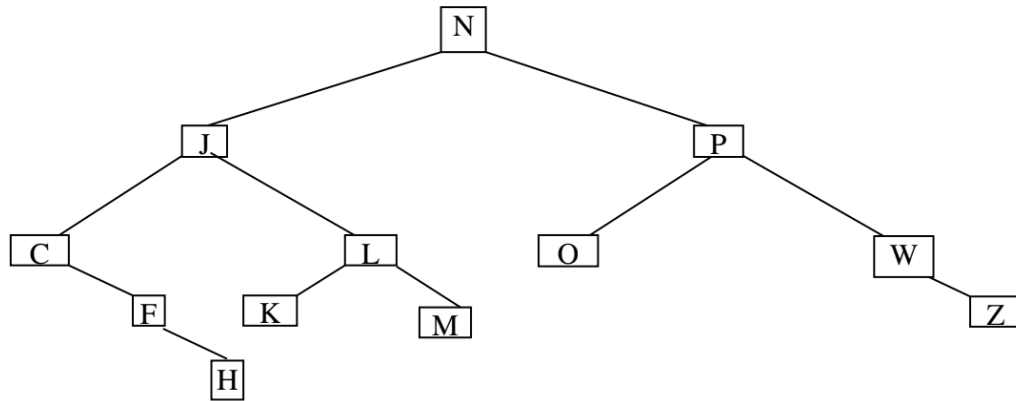


Figure 7: Binary Search Tree of char value

4. Tree

Given the following binary search tree in Figure 8, answer question 5 and 6.

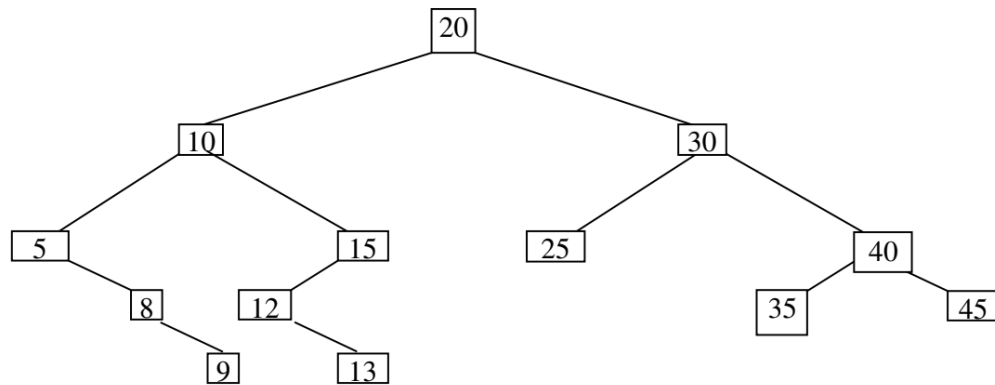


Figure 8: Binary Search Tree of int value

- e) Redraw the tree in Figure 8 after nodes with values **18, 16, 19, 33 and 43** are inserted in sequence. [2 marks]
- f) Redraw the tree in Figure 8 after the following nodes are deleted **in sequence**. Show the new tree after every deletion.
- i) 25
 - ii) 20
 - iii) 10

[4 marks]